

## Disease resistance markers for Tomato and Pepper



Incotec is developing advanced disease resistance markers for tomato and pepper. With these markers you can determine whether a resistance gene is present in your material (leaf or seed). Resistance genes give plants a degree of resistance against diseases.



## **Available for Tomato**

	Resistance against	Gene dominance	Presence determination
Tm-1	Tomato mosaic virus (ToMV)	semi-dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form Literature suggests that the efficacy is improved when the gene is present in homozygous form
Tm-2a	Tomato mosaic virus (ToMV)	dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form
l-2	Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. lycopersici (Fol) race 2	dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form
ToBRFV Chromosome 8	Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	dominant	only presence or absence
ToBRFV Chromosome 11	Tomato brown rugose fruit virus	dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form Literature suggests that the efficacy is improved when com- bined with presence of the Tm-1 gene in homozygous form

## In development for Tomato

	Resistance against	Gene dominance
Ty-1/Ty-3	Tomato yellow leaf curl virus (TYLCV)	dominant
Ty-2	Some TYLCV strains	dominant
SW-5 cluster	Certain plant viruses, primarily the tomato spotted wilt virus (TSWV)	to be determined
Cf-2	Leaf mould fungus Cladosporium fulvum Potato cyst nematode Globodera rostochiensis	to be determined

## **Available for Pepper**

	Resistance against	Gene dominance	Presence determination
L-3	Tobamoviruses like pepper mild mottle virus (PMMoV) More specifically; pathotypes P1 and P1,2	dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form
L-4	Tobamoviruses like pepper mild mottle virus (PMMoV) More specifically, pathotypes P1 and P1,2 and P1,2,3	dominant	homozygous / heterozygous form
Male Sterility MS-1	Male sterility	recessive	homozygous / heterozygous form





